SUBJECT NO. 70.

Grant of special privileges to long standing Representative Members.

Mr. Hutchaviregowda, Gubbi Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—If those who have served in the Representative Assembly for twenty years or more are not elected in any year, they may be specially invited to be present during the Palace Durbars.

SUBJECT NO. 71.

Extension of the right to vote and elect members to the Representative Assembly to *Inamdars*.

Mr. K. M. Krishnappa, Hole-Narsipur Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—According to the Rules of the Representative Assembly in force, there is no scope for the *Inamdars* of many *Jodi* villages either to vote for, or be elected as members. The right may be extended to them.

SUBJECT NO. 72.

Quorum for meetings held by the recognised Associations to select members for being deputed to the Representative Assembly.

Messrs. Abbas Khan, Central Mahomedan Association; B. N. Vijaya Deva, Vokkaligara Sangha and R. Gopalsami Iyer, Bangalore City Municipality.

Summary of Representation.—The present rule requiring 25 per cent of the members of recognised Associations to be present at meetings held for selecting members to the Representative Assembly is a great hardship and requires to be modified.

SUBJECT NO. 73.

Facilities to Representative Assembly Members.

Mr. Karnik Krishna Murti Rao, Magadi Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—Necessary arrangements, befitting their status and position may be made for affording facilities regarding lodging and boarding to members of the Representative Assembly during their stay at Mysore in connection with the Assembly sittings.

SUBJECT NO. 74.

Removal of restriction for the transport of foodstuffs.

Mr. B. Narayana Reddi, Bagepalli Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—The existing restrictions for the transport of food grains within five miles from the British Frontier may be removed, as the poor villagers are put to considerable disadvantage. The present *ookad* establishments may also be discontinued.

SUBJECT NO. 75.

Administration Reports.

Messrs. N. Suiappa, Bangalore Taluk; and Karnik Krishnamurti Rao, Magadi Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—(a) Administration Reports of the several departments may be made available to the public.

(*b*) District Administration Reports may be published in the *Gazette* or otherwise made available to the public.

(*c*) They may also be read at Taluk Conferences and *Jamabandies*.

SUBJECT NO. 76.

Formation of a Publicity Bureau.

Mr. K. Rangiengar, Tumkur Municipality.

Summary of Representation.—A Publicity Bureau may be established.

SUBJECT NO. 77.

Petition papers.

Mr. G. Ramaswamiengar, Hassan Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—In place of petition papers, the use of foolscap papers has been ordered for writing petitions, which has not in any way lessened the expense and trouble of the public. Besides, it is difficult to get thick foolscap papers always in *bazaars*, and consequently, many petitions written on thin papers are returned to the

parties on the score of their not having been written on thick foolscap papers. The use of a particular kind of paper recognised by Government may be ordered.

SUBJECT No. 78.

Use of Kannada language in all departments of Government.

Messrs. C. Vasudeva Rao and T. B. Mallegowda, Chikmagalur Taluk; Rangarajiah and N. Kallegowda, Mudgere Taluk; and Bshakarappa, Srinivaspur Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—(1) Kannada Language may be used in all departments of the State, as persons ignorant of English take part in the proceedings to a great extent.

(2) All official correspondence may be made in the Kannada language in the State.

SUBJECT No. 79.

Retrenchment in the Secretariat.

Mr. C. Chennakeshaviah, Chitaldrug Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—Most of the energetic and young Assistant Commisssioners who could be of better service in the districts are taken to the Secretariat and the number of Assistant Secretaries and Secretaries increased, and raw Probationers are being entertained and sent to the districts. Much of the work of Assistant Secretaries is being done or can be done by their highly paid clerks. The number of Assistant Secretaries may therefore be reduced and they may be sent out as Assistant Commissioners.

The entertainment of Probationers may be stopped for some years to come.

SUBJECT No. 80.

Empowering Chikmagalur Municipality to depute two non-official members to the Representative Assembly.

Messrs B. Kesaviah and T. B. Mallegowda, Chikmagalur Taluk. and C. Srinivasa Rao, Kadur District Board.

Summary of Representation.—While other Municipalities which have less population and are of less importance than Chikmagalur are allowed to depute two members to the Representative Assembly, Chikmagalur is allowed to return only one member. The Chikmagalur Municipal Council may be allowed to return two members to the Assembly, as usual.

SUBJECT No. 81.

Supply of food-stuffs.

Messrs. K. Ramakrishna Iyer, Kolar Taluk and T. Srinivasachar, Kolar Municipality.

Summary of Representation.—The present seasonal condition in the Kolar District is very grave and has given room for much anxiety to the agricultural class. It is feared that this year also will be a famine year. The supply of foodstuffs is not quite adequate. Early precautions may be taken for a sufficient supply of stock of foodstuffs.

SUBJECT No. 82.

Kanarese Typewriter.

Mr. Karnik Krishna Murti Rao, Magadi Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—As the prevailing language is Kanarese, Kanarese Typewriters are indispensable. Orders may be placed in America for their manufacture early.

SUBJECT No. 83.

Publication in Kannada of all Laws of the State.

Mr. N. Rajagopaliengar, Mysore Bar Association.

Summary of Representation.—Arrangements may be made to have the Laws of the land translated into Kannada.

SUBJECT No. 84.

Revival and maintenance of Towns and Buildings of antiquity and of historic importance.

Messrs. V. Rangaswami Iyengar, Seringapatam Municipality and S. A. Javaraiya, Seringapatam Taluk.

Summary of Representation.—(1) A set of rules may be framed for the revival and maintenance of Towns and Buildings of antiquity and historic importance which are in a ruinous and dilapidated condition.

(2) All the important historical places in the State should be maintained in good condition.